Rod cutting summary

- The problem: Given a rod of length n and a table of prices p[i] for i = 1, 2, 3, ..., n, determine the maximal revenue obtainable by cutting up the rod and selling the pieces.
- Notation and choice of subproblem: We denote by maxrev(x) the maximal revenue obtainable by cutting up a rod of length x. To solve our problem we call maxrev(n).
- Recursive definition of maxrev(x):

```
\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{maxrev}(x) \\ & \text{if } (x \leq 0) \text{: return } 0 \\ & \text{For i} = 1 \text{ to x: compute } p[i] + \mathbf{maxrev}(x-i) \text{ and keep track of max} \\ & \text{RETURN this max} \end{aligned}
```

- Correctness: tries *all* possibilities for first cut and recurses on the rest (correct bec. of optimal substructure).
- Dynamic programming solution, recursive (top-down) with memoization:

```
We create a table of size [0..n], where table[i] will store the result of maxrev(i). We initialize all entries in the table as 0. We call maxrevDP(n) and return the result. 

maxrevDP(x)

if (x \le 0): return 0

IF table[x] \ne 0: RETURN table[x]

For i = 1 to x: compute p[i] + maxrevDP(x - i) and keep track of max table[x] = max

RETURN table[x]
```

Running time for $maxrevDP(n) : \Theta(n^2)$

• Dynamic programming, iterative (bottom-up):

```
\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{maxrevDP\_iterative(x)} \\ & \text{create } table[0..n] \text{ and initialize } table[i] = 0 \text{ for all } i \\ & \text{for } (k=1; k \leq n; k++) \\ & \text{for } (i=1; i \leq k; i++) \\ & \text{set } table[k] = \max\{table[k], p[i] + table[k-i]\} \\ & \text{RETURN } table[n] \end{aligned}
```

Running time for $maxrevDP_iterative(n) : \Theta(n^2)$

• Computing full solution (without storing additional information while filling the table):

```
Input: The table table[0..n] as computed above, where table[i] stores the maxrev obtainable from a rod of length i.

Output: the set of cuts corresponding to table[n] curLength = n while (curLength > 1) do:

for (i = 1; i \le curLength; i + +)

//is the value table[curLength] achieved via a first cut of length i?

if table[curLength] == (p[i] + table[curLength - i]):

output that a cut of length i was made curLength = curLength - i
```

Running time: $\Theta(n^2)$, no extra space

• Computing full solution (with storing additional information while filling the table): In addition to table[0...n] we use an array firstcut[0..n] where firstcut[i] will store the first cut in maxrev(i). We can extend the algorithm for computing maxrevDP(x) (either recursive or iterative) to also compute firstcut[x]: basically if the maximum revenue for x is achieved

with the first cut being of length k, we'll store that firstcut[x] = k.

Input: The table table[0..n] as computed above, where table[i] stores the maxrev obtainable from a rod of length i. And firstcut[0..n] where firstcut[i] will store the first cut in maxrev(i).

Output: the set of cuts corresponding to table[n] curLength = n while (curLength > 1) do:

output a cut of length firstcut[curLength] curLength = curLength - firstcut[curLength]

Running time: $\Theta(n)$, with $\Theta(n)$ extra space for firstcut[0..n]